



User Manual

NTC-790 NTC-990 HSPA Cellular Router User Manual

This manual covers the following products:

NTC-790
NTC-990

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1 Introduction

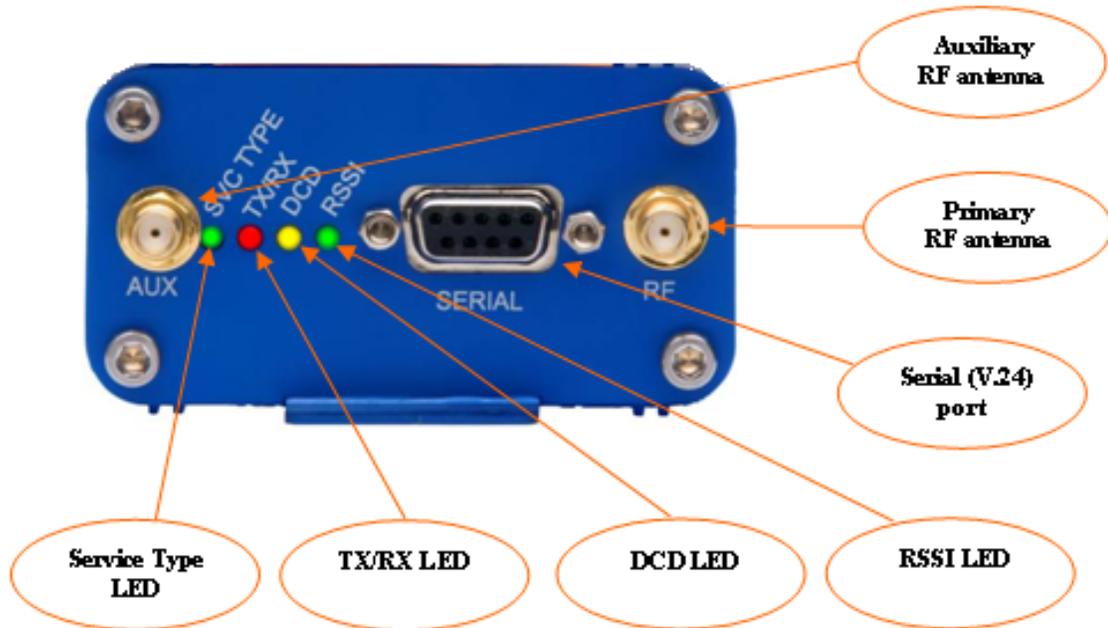
Thank you for purchasing the Cellular Router from NetComm. This manual illustrates how to set-up and configure your Cellular Router appropriate for your application.

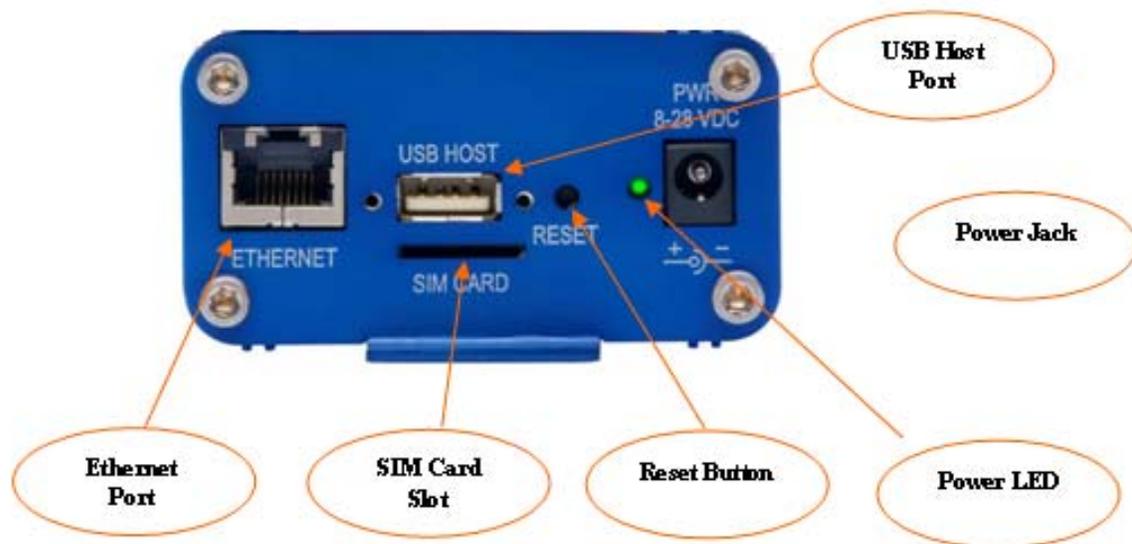
The Cellular Router is configured via a web browser. This manual will take you through the steps required to configure and use your unit correctly.

Additionally the router may be configured via the units serial (V.24) port using "AT" (V.250) commands, this method of operation is further detailed in the document "NTC Series Cellular Routers V250(AT) manual-v1-52"

2 Cellular Router Overview

This section describes the main physical features of the Cellular Router.





2.1 Status Indicators

There are a total of five LED's on the Cellular Router: three green, one amber and one red. The green LED next to the DC power jack is the DC Power Indicator. The other four LED's are grouped on the opposite end of the router, next to the RF antenna connector. Listed below are the specifications of the LED's and their corresponding colours.

POWER (Green)

The green Power LED indicates correct power is applied to the DC power input jack.

DCD (Amber)

The amber Carrier Detect LED illuminates to indicate a Data connection.

Tx Rx (Red)

The red LED will light upon data being sent to or received from the cellular network.

Service Type (Green)

The green LED will illuminate when cellular network coverage is detected.

Solid on	: indicates UMTS/HSDPA available coverage
Flashing	: indicated EDGE available coverage
Off	: Indicates GSM/GPRS available coverage only.

RSSI (Green)

Of the three radio link status indicators, the green LED is used to show Received Signal Strength.

There are three possible states that the RSSI LED can operate in, based upon signal level:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Solid | : Indicates the RSSI level is -90dbm, or greater (strong) |
| Flashing once per second | : Indicates the RSSI level is -110dbm and -90dbm, (medium) |
| Off | : Indicates the RSSI level is less than -110dbm (poor) |

3 What you will need to configure the Cellular Router

You will need the following hardware components to set up the Cellular Router:

Power Supply (8-28VDC)

Ethernet cable

Laptop or PC.

Active Telecommunications carrier SIM card (USIM)

NOTE – The Ethernet port on the Cellular Router is a DTE non-auto switch so you will need a crossover cable if connected directly to your PC. However, if there is a Hub/Switch connected between the Cellular Router and PC you will need to use a straight through cable.

How to access the Cellular Router using the Web Browser

Install the supplied antenna to the Cellular Router. This needs to be screwed to the RF Antenna connector.

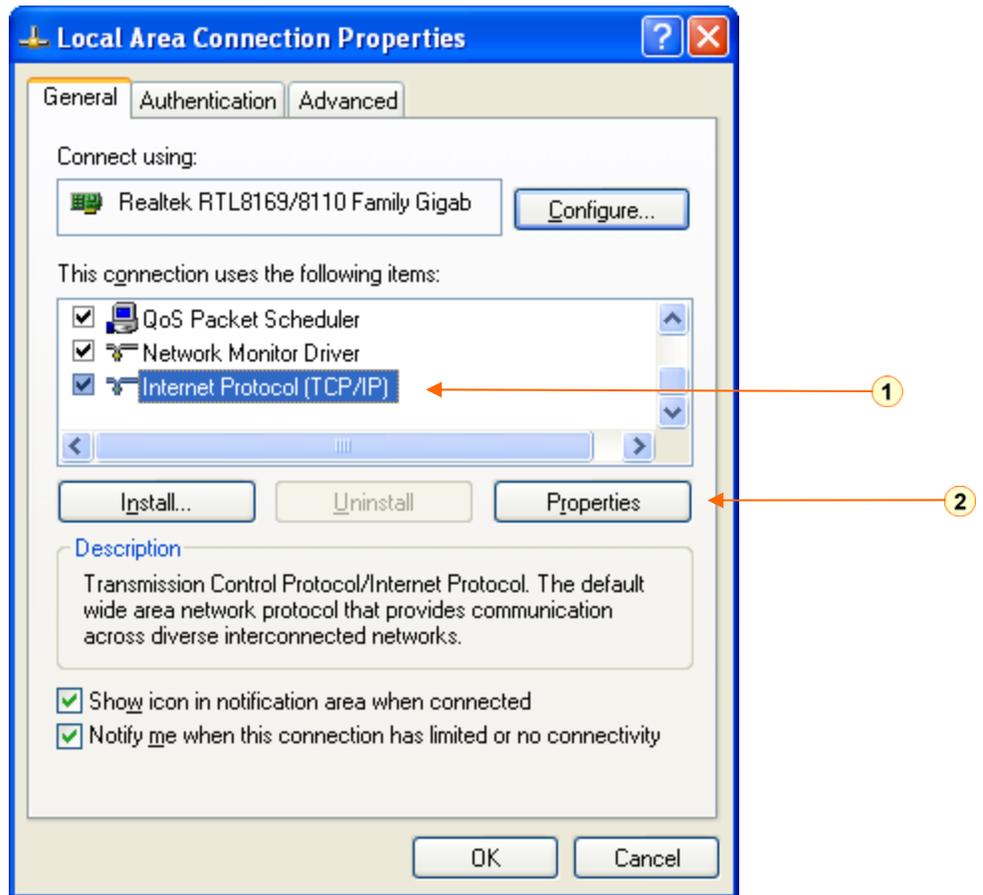
- For 850MHz networks use the Black antennas provided
- For 900MHz networks use the Black antennas provided
- For 2100/1900MHz networks use the Gray antenna provided

Connect power adapter to the mains and plug the output jack to the power jack of the Cellular Router. The green Power LED on the panel should illuminate.

Connect an Ethernet crossover cable or straight through cable as appropriate between the Cellular Router's Ethernet connector and the Ethernet Connector on your PC or switch. Configure your PC's Ethernet interface to be dynamically assigned an IP address by doing the following:

For Windows users:

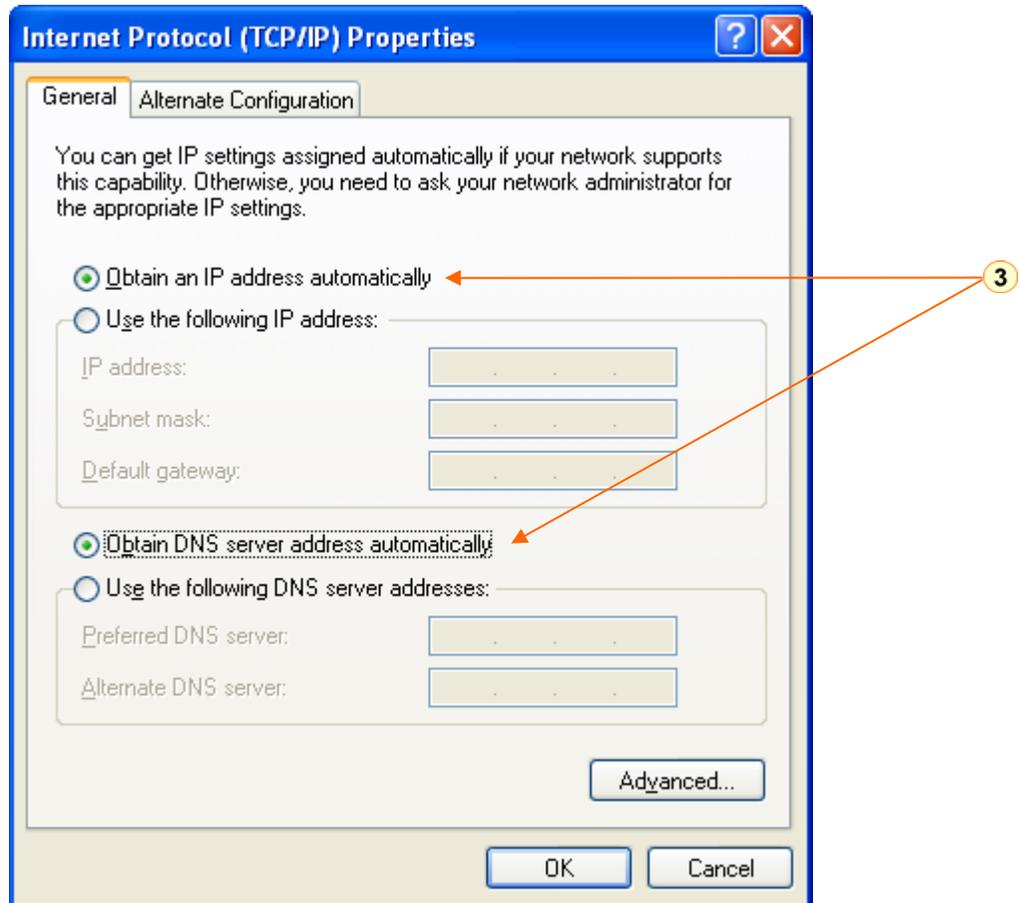
Follow the path Start -> Control Panel -> Network Connections. Right click Local Area Connection and select Properties to open the configuration dialogue box of Local Area Connection as below:



Find and click Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) ① from the protocol list box and then click the Properties button ②. The TCP/IP configuration window will pop up as illustrated below.

Under General tab, select radio button Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. **3** Then press OK button to close TCP/IP configuration window.

Press the Close button to complete the computer preparation for the Cellular Router.



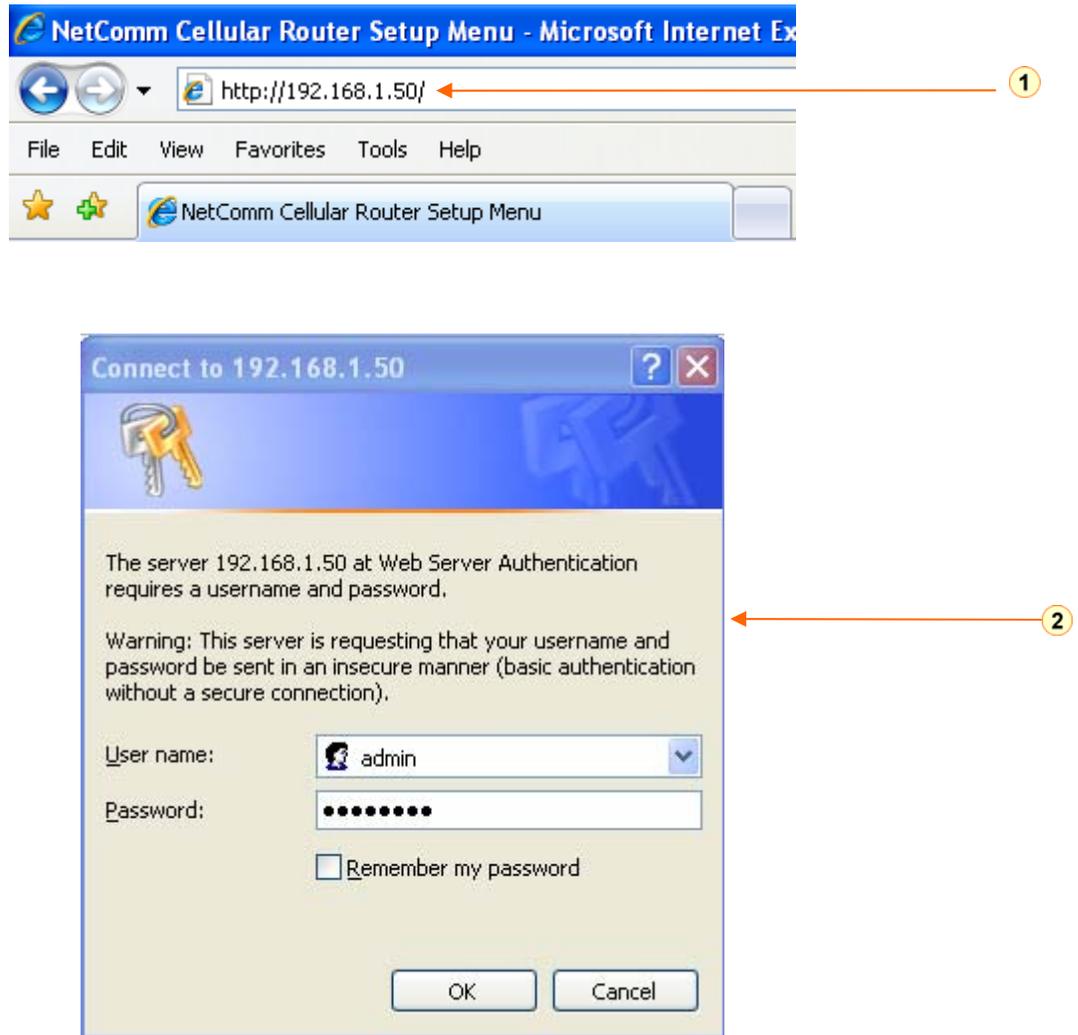
Enter the address below in your web browser and connect **1**. The username and password **2** are defined below. Whenever you make changes please refresh your web pages to prevent errors due to caching of web pages.

<http://192.168.1.50>

Username: admin

Password: password

Below illustrates the steps required to access the Cellular Router's web browser:

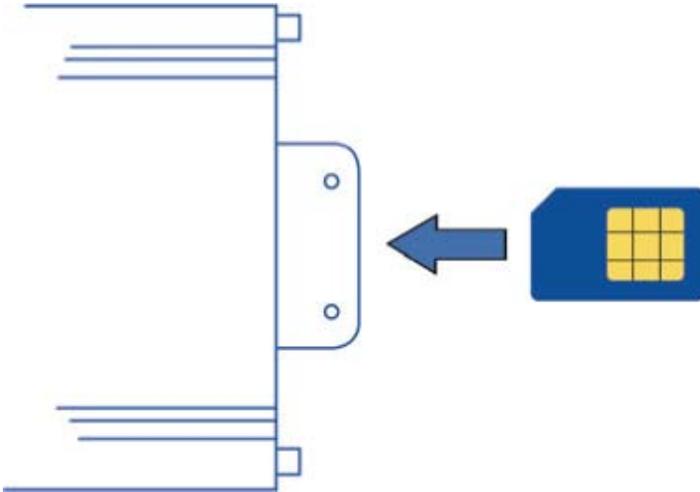


NOTE – If the Ethernet IP address of the Cellular Router needs to be changed then refer to the section: ***Configuring the Ethernet IP address.***

4 Installing and unlocking the SIM card

4.1 *Inserting the SIM card*

First make sure the SIM card is inserted correctly. You insert the SIM with gold side up and in the direction as shown below:



4.2 Unlocking the SIM

If the SIM card is locked you will need to unlock it with a PIN provided with your SIM card. You can find out if the SIM is locked by viewing the SIM Status on the Home page:

Connection Status	
Provider	Emergency only
Service Type	No service
Coverage	
Connection Status	Idle
Modem	
IMEI	352974020312203
Frequency	WCDMA I IMT 2000
Signal Strength (dBm)	-83 (strong) 
SIM Status	ENTER PIN

If the SIM Status is ENTER PIN as above then do the following:

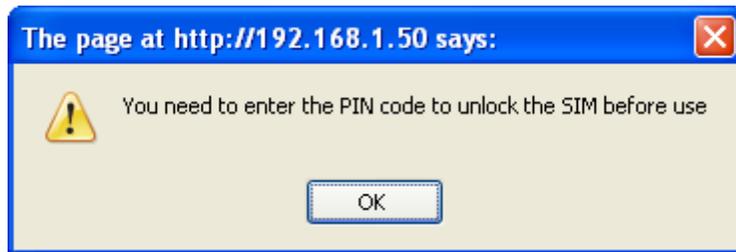
Click on the “Security” Link on the left **1**

1 →

Status	Status
LAN	LAN
DHCP	IP 192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address 00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information
SNMP	System Up time 00 : 10 : 50
Data Connection	Router Version Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module Model: MC8790 Hardware: 1.0 Firmware: K1_0_2_1AP Temp: 36 C
System Monitor	Serial Number 00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP
Band	PPP Status DOWN
Security	PPP IP Address N/A / N/A
DDNS	PPP P-t-P N/A
Log	IPsec N/A
Application Load/Save	PPPoE
Reboot	PPPoE Status DISABLED
	PPTP
	PPTP Status DISABLED
	PPTP IP Address N/A / N/A
	PPTP P-t-P N/A
	Connection Status
	Provider Emergency only
	Service Type No service
	Coverage
	Connection Status Idle
	Modem
	IMEI 352974020312203
	Frequency WCDMA I IMT 2000
	Signal Strength (dBm) -83 (strong) 
	SIM Status ENTER PIN

[Help](#)

When you click on the 'Security' link you should see the following message:-



Click OK

Next, enter the PIN code and confirm the PIN code. Then click Save.

PIN Settings

PIN Settings	
SIM Status	ENTER PIN
PIN	••••
Confirm PIN	••••
Remember PIN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Disable PIN	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No

Once the SIM has been unlocked you will see a pop up confirming this.



Now Click on the [Status](#) link and the Home Status page should look as below with SIM Status OK:

[Status](#)

LAN	
IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
System Information	
System Up time	00 : 40 : 52
Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: 1.0 Firmware: K1_0_2_1AP Temp: 40 C
Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
PPP	
PPP Status	DOWN
PPP IP Address	N/A / N/A
PPP P-t-P	N/A
IPsec	N/A
PPPoE	
PPPoE Status	DISABLED
PPTP	
PPTP Status	DISABLED
PPTP IP Address	N/A / N/A
PPTP P-t-P	N/A
Connection Status	
Provider	vodafone AU
Service Type	UMTS HSDPA Service
Coverage	HSDPA
Connection Status	Idle
Modem	
IMEI	352974020312203
Frequency	WCDMA I IMT 2000
Signal Strength (dBm)	-76 (strong) 
SIM Status	OK

[Help](#)

4.3 Enter PUK

If after three attempts you are requested to enter a PUK code:



You will need to contact your carrier to obtain this number.

Your carrier will issue you a PUK code to enable you to unlock the USIM and enter a new PIN code. Enter the new PIN **1** and PUK codes, **2** press save **3**.

PIN Settings

PIN Settings	
SIM Status	ENTER PUK
PIN	•••• ← 1
Confirm PIN	••••
PUK	•••••••• ← 2
Confirm PUK	••••••••
Remember PIN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Disable PIN	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No

3 →

If you have entered the PUK correctly you should see the following message:



Now Click on the [Status](#) link and the Home Status page should look as below with SIM Status OK:

[Status](#)

LAN	
IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
System Information	
System Up time	00 : 40 : 52
Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: 1.0 Firmware: K1_0_2_1AP Temp: 40 C
Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
PPP	
PPP Status	DOWN
PPP IP Address	N/A / N/A
PPP P-t-P	N/A
IPsec	N/A
PPPoE	
PPPoE Status	DISABLED
PPTP	
PPTP Status	DISABLED
PPTP IP Address	N/A / N/A
PPTP P-t-P	N/A
Connection Status	
Provider	vodafone AU
Service Type	UMTS HSDPA Service
Coverage	HSDPA
Connection Status	Idle
Modem	
IMEI	352974020312203
Frequency	WCDMA I IMT 2000
Signal Strength (dBm)	-76 (strong) 
SIM Status	OK

[Help](#)

4.4 *The 'Remember PIN' feature*

This feature is intended to allow the router to automatically send the PIN to the USIM each time the USIM asks for it (usually at power up).

The intent of this feature is to ensure that a USIM removed from a router installed in an unattended location by an unauthorized user cannot be used to make calls or otherwise be of any value outside the router on which it is installed.

When this feature is enabled the PIN entered by the user when they set the "Remember PIN" feature is encrypted and stored locally in the cellular router, the next time the USIM asks the cellular router for the PIN the cellular router decrypts the PIN and automatically sends it to the USIM without user intervention.

When this feature is disabled and the USIM is PIN locked the user must manually enter the PIN via the cellular router's configuration interface, this is clearly not desirable where the cellular router is unattended.

5 Locking to a specific band

You may want to lock the Cellular Router on to a specific band, to do this click on the “**Band**” link. ①

You may want to do this if you’re using the router in a country with multi frequency networks that may not all support HSPA, you can select the router to only connect on the network frequencies that suit your requirements.

Status	Status	
LAN	LAN	
DHCP	IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information	
SNMP	System Up time	00 : 43 : 23
Data Connection	Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: 1.0 Firmware: K1_0_2_1AP Temp: 40 C
System Monitor	Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP	
① → Band	PPP Status	DOWN
Security	PPP IP Address	N/A / N/A
DDNS	PPP P-t-P	N/A
Log	IPsec	N/A
Application Load/Save		
Reboot		

For NTC-790, the following band settings options are applicable.

Band Settings

Band									
<input type="radio"/>	UMTS 850Mhz Only	<input type="radio"/>	WCDMA All	<input type="radio"/>	UMTS 850Mhz,2G	<input type="radio"/>	2G	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	All Bands (autoband)

- UMTS 850MHz Only** = UMTS 850 MHz Only
- WCDMA ALL** = UMTS 850/2100/1900MHz
- UMTS 850MHz, 2G** = UMTS 850 MHz GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz
- 2G** = GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz
- All Bands (autoband)** = UMTS 850/2100/1900MHz GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz

For NTC-990, the following 900Mhz band setting options are applicable.

Band Settings

Band									
<input type="radio"/>	UMTS 900Mhz Only	<input type="radio"/>	WCDMA All	<input type="radio"/>	UMTS 900Mhz,2G	<input type="radio"/>	2G	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	All Bands (autoband)

- UMTS 900MHz Only** = UMTS 900 MHz only
- WCDMA ALL** = UMTS 900/2100/1900MHz
- UMTS 900MHz, 2G** = UMTS 900 MHz GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz
- 2G** = GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz
- All Bands (autoband)** = UMTS 900/2100/1900MHz GSM/EDGE/GPRS 900/1800/1900MHz

NOTE – After changing the band if the band does not get set correctly or is not reflected on the frequency field on the “**Home**” Status page then you may need to reboot the unit by clicking on the Reset Button on the top right hand corner of the page.

6 How to Establish a Connection to the cellular network

This section describes how to set up the Cellular Router to initiate a Wireless connection.

There are 2 different ways to set up a wireless connection via PPP:-

- Initiating the PPP Connection directly from the Cellular Router acting as the PPP Client (most common).
- Initiating the PPP Connection from a different PPP client (i.e. laptop or router) with the Cellular Router running in PPPoE mode. This mode is used for example, when you also have an ADSL connection present such that if the Wireless connection on the Cellular Router fails then the ADSL router can be used as backup.

6.1 Initiating a PPP Connection from the Cellular Router

The status page of Cellular Router Setup will now be displayed as below.

The PPP status on the page should be DISABLED network (as indicated by the large arrow) as your new device is not yet configured to connect to the cellular network.

Click the “Data Connection” ① link on the left panel of the screen to open the “Data Connection” web page.

Status	Status	
LAN	LAN	
DHCP	IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information	
SNMP	System Up time	00 : 48 : 01
① → Data Connection	Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: 1.0 Firmware: K1_0_2_1AP Temp: 41 C
System Monitor	Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP	
Band	PPP Status	DISABLED ←
Security	PPP IP Address	N/A / N/A
DDNS	PPP P-t-P	N/A
Log	IPsec	N/A
Application Load/Save		
Reboot		

6.1.1 To connect using a pre-configured profile

The cellular router supports 4 connection profiles; these profiles allow you to configure the settings that the router will use to connect to the cellular network.

PPP PROFILE CONNECT

Auto Connect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Reconnect Delay	<input type="text" value="30"/> (30-65535) secs
Reconnect Retries	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535, 0=Unlimited)
Profile to connect to	<input type="text" value="1"/>
	<input type="button" value="SAVE"/>

PPP USER CONFIGURABLE PROFILE SETTING

Profile Number	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Dial Number	<input type="text" value="atd*99#"/>
APN Name	<input type="text" value="apnname1"/>
User	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Remote Host	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="0"/> (1-65535)
Local Encoding	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Pad Mode	<input type="text" value="tcp"/>
PAD Auto Answer	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	<input type="button" value="MODIFY ENTRY"/>

Item	Num	APN	User	Rem Host	Rem Port	Loc Enc	Mode	Ans
1	atd*99#	apnname1		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off
2	atd*99#	apnname2		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off
3	atd*99#	apnname3		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off

First examine the list of configured profiles **1**

Select the profile that you wish to connect to **2** make sure that the APN name field is correct. This is very important. The examples above shows the APN name to be “apnname1/apnname2/apnname3” as examples but yours will be specific to your carrier.

Click Auto Connect Enable **3**

Click Save **4**

From now on, Auto Connect will keep remain enabled and the router will automatically connect unless you come back to this page and disable it.

6.1.2 To connect using a user configured profile

If none of the pre-configured profiles are suitable you may configure a 4th user defined profile as follows:

PPP USER CONFIGURABLE PROFILE SETTING

Profile Number	4	1
Dial Number	atd*99#	
APN Name	apnname4	2
User	username	3
Password	*****	3
Remote Host	0.0.0.0	
Port	0 (1-65535)	
Local Encoding	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	
Pad Mode	tcp	
PAD Auto Answer	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	
	MODIFY ENTRY	4

Item	Num	APN	User	Rem Host	Rem Port	Loc Enc	Mode	Ans
1	atd*99#	apnname1		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off
2	atd*99#	apnname2		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off
3	atd*99#	apnname3		0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off
4	atd*99#	apnname4	username	0.0.0.0	0	Off	tcp	Off

Select Profile Number 4 1

Make sure that the APN name 2 field is correct. This is very important. The example above shows the APN name to be "apnname4" as an example but yours will be specific to your carrier.

As for the APN, the "User" and "Password" fields 3 will need to be set appropriately for your specific carrier.

You may leave the other profile settings as their default values shown above.

Once you have entered the appropriate detail in this section of the form click "Modify Entry" 4 to save this connection profile.

Once configured you may now connect using this profile as follows:

Select the profile that you wish to connect to **1** (4 in this case).

Click Auto Connect Enable **2**.

Click Save **3**.

From now on, Auto Connect will keep remain enabled and the router will automatically connect unless you come back to this page and disable it.

Packet Data Connection Settings

PPP Profile Connect	
Auto Connect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable  2
Authentication Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> CHAP <input type="radio"/> PAP
PPP verbose logging	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Reconnect Delay	<input type="text" value="30"/> (30-65535) secs  1
Reconnect Retries	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535, 0=Unlimited)  3
Profile to connect to	<input type="text" value="4"/> 
<input type="button" value="SAVE"/>	

6.1.3 To confirm successful connection

Now click on the **Status** link to return to the status page.

Please pay close attention to PPP field on the page (shown by the arrow).

PPP Status should be UP.

PPP IP Address shows the current IP address that the network has allocated for the Cellular Router.

Status	Status	
LAN	LAN	
DHCP	IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information	
SNMP	System Up time	00 : 14 : 17
Data Connection	Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: Firmware: Temp: 38 C
System Monitor	Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP	
Band	PPP Status	UP 
Security	PPP IP Address	10.223.2.39 / 255.255.255.255
DDNS	PPP P-t-P	10.64.64.64
Log	IPsec	N/A
Application Load/Save		
Reboot		

Your new Cellular Router is now ready to use!

6.1.4 How to establish a Connection using the Cellular Router in PPPoE mode

This facility can be found on the LAN page.

To enable PPPoE mode:

Firstly ensure “Auto Connect” under the “Data Connection” configuration page is disabled.

Next open the “LAN” configuration page.

Specify the APN you wish to use to suit your carrier **1**.

In addition you may specify an optional “Service Name” **2** when a “Service Name” is specified the connected device must use the same service name when connecting.

This facility is particularly useful if you have more than one PPPoE router or modem on a single Ethernet network.

Finally click save to save your settings and enable PPPoE **3**.

LAN

LAN Configuration	
Ethernet IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="50"/>
Ethernet Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
DNS Masquerade	
DNS Masquerade	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE Setup	
PPPoE	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
APN Name	<input type="text"/> 1
Service Name	<input type="text"/> 2
Administration	
Remote Administration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Remote Administration Port	<input type="text" value="8080"/> (1 - 65534)
Admin Password	<input type="text"/> 3
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>

Note- Most people do not need to use PPPoE. If you do not know what PPPoE is, odds are you don't need this.

7 Ethernet Related Commands

7.1 How to configure the Ethernet IP address

This facility is available on the LAN page.

The default IP of the Ethernet port is 192.168.1.50 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0.

If you wish to change this then simply enter the new IP address and click on the 'Save' button at the bottom of the page.

Since the IP address has changed you will have to re-enter the new IP address configured in your browser to access the configuration pages.

LAN Configuration				
Ethernet IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/>	<input type="text" value="168"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="50"/>
Ethernet Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255"/>	<input type="text" value="255"/>	<input type="text" value="255"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

7.2 How to configure DNS Masquerading

This facility is available on the LAN page.

DNS masquerading allows the cellular router to forward DNS requests to dynamically assigned DNS servers, clients on the cellular routers LAN can then use the cellular router as a DNS server without needing to know of the dynamically assigned DNS servers assigned by the cellular network.

There should be no need to disable this feature in most cases however if you do need to do so simply select the "Disable" and click save.

DNS Masquerade	
DNS Masquerade	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

7.3 How to configure the DHCP Server

This facility is available on the DHCP page.

Use the following procedure to change the Cellular Router DHCP server default settings. Ensure your PC's Ethernet connector is configured to automatically obtain an IP and DNS server address.

When you plug in the Ethernet cable to your PC the Cellular Router should automatically assign it an IP address within 10-15 seconds. Please be aware that you will be sharing the bandwidth of the Cellular Router between all connected devices. You can manually set DNS1 and DNS2 or if DNS Masquerade is enabled the DHCP DNS1 address will automatically be set to the cellular routers LAN address.

This default values example has a start address of 120, an end address of 200, lease time of 86,400 seconds, and uses the DNS servers that are auto-assigned by the network upon connection.

If you do not enter the DNS1 and DNS2 addresses manually then to browse the Internet from your Ethernet connected device you must enable DNS Masquerade (see above).

Upon enabling DNS masquerade, you will notice that the DNS1 address is automatically set to the IP address of the Ethernet port. DNS addresses are then automatically assigned by the connection to the network.

DHCP Settings

DHCP Configuration	
DHCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
DHCP Start Range	192 . 168 . 1 . 120
DHCP End Range	192 . 168 . 1 . 200
DHCP Lease Time	86400 (seconds)
Default Domain Name Suffix	
DNS Server 1 IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 50
DNS Server 2 IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
WINS Server 1 IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
WINS Server 2 IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

7.3.1 How to configure the DHCP relay agent

This facility is available on the DHCP page.

To enable DHCP relay simply enable the DHCP relay agent and specify the DHCP server address as below:

DHCP Relay Configuration	
DHCP Relay	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
DHCP Server Address	<input type="text" value="10"/> . <input type="text" value="10"/> . <input type="text" value="10"/> . <input type="text" value="10"/>

Enabling DHCP Relay will automatically disable the local DHCP server.

7.3.2 How to configure static DHCP assignments

This facility is available on the DHCP page.

You may assign a particular IP address to a specific device every that device makes a DHCP request as follows:

Address Reservation List				
Computer Name	MAC Address	IP Address		Add
SomeName	00:1D:85:F0:00:08	191 . 168 . 1 . 100	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	Remove

1 → Add

1 → SomeName

2 → 00:1D:85:F0:00:08

3 → 191 . 168 . 1 . 100

4 → Save

Enter a name for the computer or device ①

Enter the computer or device MAC ②

Enter the IP address to assign ③

Click Save ④

7.4 *How to configure your Device's IP address manually (no DHCP)*

If your device has a statically set IP address you can have your device to work with the Cellular Router by manually configuring your device to the following settings:

Set your devices IP address to any valid IP between 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.119 or disable the DHCP server and use any address. Do not use the IP address assigned to the modem's Ethernet Connector.

Subnet to: 255.255.255.0.

Set your Gateway to the IP address of the Modem's Ethernet Connector: 192.168.1.50

DNS (if required) set to 192.168.1.50 or manually set to your carriers DNS Servers.

8 Advanced Features

This section explains other features that you may want to enable depending on your application. Some features can add extra stability and error recovery. Other features are available assist with integrating the router with your application.

8.1 *How to configure the Periodic Ping Reset Monitor*

This facility is available on the “**System Monitor**” page.

The Periodic Ping Reset Monitor configures the modem to transmit controlled ping packets to 1 or 2 user specific IP address, should the router not receive responses to the pings the router will reboot.

This works as follows:-

- A. Every “Periodic Ping Timer” seconds the router sends 3 consecutive pings to the “Destination Address”.
- B. If all 3 pings fail the router sends 3 consecutive pings to the “Second Address”.
- C. The router then sends 3 consecutive pings to the “Destination Address” and 3 consecutive pings to the “Second Address” every “Periodic Ping Accelerated Timer” seconds.
- D. If all accelerated pings in step D above fail “Fail Count” times the router reboots.
- E. If any ping succeeds the router returns to step A and does not reboot.

“Periodic Ping Timer” should never be set to a value less than 60 seconds; this is to allow the router time to reconnect to the cellular network following a reboot.

To disable the Periodic Ping Reset Monitor simply set to “Fail Count” 0

Periodic PING Settings	
Destination Address	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Second Address	<input type="text"/>
Periodic PING Timer	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535) secs
Periodic PING Accelerated Timer	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535) secs
Fail Count	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535)
Force reset every	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0-65535) mins

Periodic Ping Disabled

An Example Setup:

The setup below will ping 10.1.2.3 every 10 minutes, if it fails it then tries to ping 10.1.2.4, if that also fails it then accelerates the ping attempts to once every 60 seconds and if 3 successive ping attempts at the one minute interval fails, the modem will reboot.

Periodic PING Settings	
Destination Address	<input type="text" value="10.1.2.3"/>
Second Address	<input type="text" value="10.1.2.4"/>
Periodic PING Timer	<input type="text" value="600"/> (0-65535) secs
Periodic PING Accelerated Timer	<input type="text" value="60"/> (0-65535) secs
Fail Count	<input type="text" value="3"/> (0-65535)

Periodic Ping Enabled

NB: The traffic generated by the periodic ping feature is counted as chargeable usage, please keep this in mind when selecting how often to ping.

8.2 *How to configure a Periodic Reset Timer*

This facility is available on the “**System Monitor**” page.

The router can be configured to automatically reboot on a periodic interval specified in minutes. While this is not necessary, it does ensure that in the case of remote installations it will reboot the router if some anomaly occurs.

The default value is 0 which disables the Periodic Reset Timer.

The maximum value is 65535 minutes.

Force reset every

(0-65535) mins

8.3 Remote Administration

Remote administration can optionally be enabled. You may connect to the IP address of the WAN (cellular) interface on port 8080 once it is connected to the cellular network via a data connection.

The IP address below is an example only, yours will be different.

<http://10.10.10.10:8080>

Username admin

Password password

The port number can be changed via the configuration pages and you can change the password for enhanced security.

The password will only be changed if you enter two matching passwords and it is not necessary to change if you are only changing the incoming port number.

ADMINISTRATION	
Remote Administration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Remote Administration Port	<input type="text" value="8080"/> (1 - 65534)
Admin Password	<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>

8.4 NAT Configuration

You can enable or disable NAT simply by clicking on the radio button **1** appropriately in the NAT Configuration page and then clicking the “Save” button

NAT Settings

NAT Configuration

NAT Configuration Enable Disable

IP Mapping Settings

Mapping no	<input type="text"/>
Protocol	<input type="text" value="tcp"/> ▾
Source IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Incoming Port Range	<input type="text"/> to <input type="text"/> (1-65535)
Destination IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Destination Port Range	<input type="text"/> to <input type="text"/> (1-65535)

Item	Protocol	Incoming Address	Incoming Port	Destination Address	Destination Port
IP mapping Table empty					

8.4.1 How to configure Port Forwarding

This facility is available on the “**NAT**” configuration page.

This is only needed if you need to map inbound requests to a specific port on the Cellular IP address to a device connected on the Ethernet interface, e.g. a web camera.

<Mapping No>	1 to as many as needed.
<Protocol>	TCP, UDP, All protocols
<Source IP>	Specifies either a “Friendly” IP address that is allowed to access the modem or a wildcard IP address of 0.0.0.0 that allows all IP address to access the modem.
<Incoming Port Range>	External port(s) to listen to.
<Destination IP>	Local Area Network Address of device to forward inbound requests to.
<Destination Port Range>	Local Area Network Port(s) to forward connections to.

Example:

Make sure NAT Configuration is enabled by clicking the 'Enable' radio button ①

Enter the information as appropriate ②

Click Save ③

NAT Settings

NAT Configuration	
NAT Configuration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
IP Mapping Settings	
Mapping no	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Protocol	<input type="text" value="tcp"/>
Source IP Address	<input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
Incoming Port Range	<input type="text" value="400"/> to <input type="text" value="400"/> (1-65535)
Destination IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="60"/>
Destination Port Range	<input type="text" value="400"/> to <input type="text" value="400"/> (1-65535)

③ →

NB:

If the "Incoming Port Range" specifies a single port (as above) then the destination port can be set to any port.

If the "Incoming Port Range" specifies a range of port numbers then the "Destination Port Range" MUST be the same as the "Incoming Port Range".

Configured mappings are displayed as follows:

Item	Protocol	Incoming Address	Incoming Port	Destination Address	Destination Port	
1	tcp	0.0.0.0	400 - 400	192.168.1.60	400 - 400	Delete Entry
2	tcp	10.1.2.3	500 - 550	192.168.1.60	500 - 550	Delete Entry

To delete an entry click on the Delete Entry link ① from the list of IP Mappings.



8.5 How to configure dynamic DNS client

This facility is available on the “**DDNS**” configuration page

Dynamic DNS provides a method for the cellular router to update and external name server with the routers cellular WAN IP address.

To configure dynamic DNS:-

Click Enable **1** .

Select the Dynamic DNS service that you wish to user **2** .

Enter your dynamic DNS account credentials **3** .

Click Save **4** .

The screenshot shows the DDNS Configuration page. At the top, there is a section titled "DDNS CONFIGURATION" with a sub-section "DDNS Configuration" containing two radio buttons: "Enable" (selected) and "Disable". Below this is the "DDNS SETTINGS" section, which is a table with five rows: "Server Address" (a dropdown menu showing "www.dyndns.org"), "Host Name" (a text input field containing "myhost.dyndns.org"), "User Name" (a text input field containing "user"), "Password" (a text input field with masked characters "*****"), and "Verify Password" (a text input field with masked characters "*****"). At the bottom right of the page, there are two buttons: "Save" and "Help".

DDNS CONFIGURATION	
DDNS Configuration	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
DDNS SETTINGS	
Server Address	www.dyndns.org
Host Name	myhost.dyndns.org
User Name	user
Password	*****
Verify Password	*****

Save Help

8.6 How to configure the Serial PAD (Packet Assembler and Disassembler)

The NetComm NTC Cellular Routers include a PAD feature to allow the transport of arbitrary Async serial data over the packet switched (IP) cellular network.

Specifically data received on the routers V.24 interface (serial port) can be encapsulated into TCP or UDP packets and sent to a remote host, likewise data contained in TCP or UDP packets received from a remote host may be forwarded to the routers V.24 interface (serial port).

This feature is further described in the document *"NTC Series Cellular Router V250(AT) manual-V1-52"*.

When configured through the browser based configuration interface this feature is configured using both the **"Data Connection"** and **"Modem"** pages.

The following items may be configured using the **"Data Connection"** page:-

Remote Host	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="0"/> (1-65535)
Local Encoding	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Pad Mode	<input type="text" value="tcp"/> ▼
PAD Auto Answer	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

Remote Host

In client mode (router connects to host) this is the remote host to which the router will connect.

In server mode (remote host connects to router) the router will only accept incoming connections from the specified host, if you specify 0.0.0.0 the router will accept incoming connections from any host.

Port

TCP/UDP port number to use

Local Encoding

See *"NTC Series Cellular Router V250(AT) manual-V1-52"* for details of this parameter, this is normally disabled.

PAD Auto Answer

When enabled the router accepts incoming connections (enables server mode)

These items may be configured separately for each of the 4 connection profiles.

The following items may be configured using the “Modem” page:

MODEM SETTINGS	
Baud rate	115200 ▾
Inter Character Timeout	50 (0-65535) milliseconds
Id	<input type="text"/>
Ignore String	<input type="text"/>
CONNECTION SETTINGS	
Connect to	DialString ▾
DTR Action	Ignore ▾
DCD Action	Connect On ▾
Flow Control	Off ▾
RI Action	Always Off ▾
Circuit AutoAnswer Rings	Off ▾
Auto Dial Number	<input type="text"/>

Baud Rate

The serial (V.24) port baud rate. By default the serial line format is 8 data bits, No parity, 1 Stop bit. See “*NTC Series Cellular Router V250(AT) manual-V1-52*” if you need to change the serial line format.

Inter Character Timeout

The PAD will buffer any bytes received from the serial port until either 512 bytes have been received or no bytes have been received for “Inter Character Timeout” milliseconds, it will then send any bytes in the buffer to the remote host.

ID

When the ID field is not blank (empty) the defined ID will be sent to the remote host as follows:

For UDP the 1st <n> bytes of each datagram sent will be set to the contents of the ID field, data follows immediately after the ID; for TCP the ID is transmitted once immediately after the connection is established.

Ignore String

When the "Ignore String" field is not blank (empty) the router will strip any character sequence that matches the "Ignore String" from the data stream received from the serial port.

Connect To

Determines how the router behaves when it receives an "ATD" command on the serial port.

- Profile Connect using "Data Connection Profile"
- Circuit Establish a circuit switched data connection
- Packet Connect to cellular packet network in PPP pass through mode
- DialString Examine the dialed digits and connect to Profile, Circuit or Packet as appropriate

DTR Action

Determines how the router responds to change of state of the serial port DTR line

- Ignore Take no action
- Command High to Low transition of DTR causes the router to enter command mode (does not end call)
- Hangup High to Low transition of DTR causes the router to end call and enter command mode
- High AutoDial Low to High transition of DTR causes the router to dial the Auto Dial Number, High to Low transition of DTR causes the router to end call and enter command mode
- Low AutoDial High to Low transition of DTR causes the router to dial the Auto Dial Number, Low to High transition of DTR causes the router to end call and enter command mode
- Low Pass To ATPort When DTR is low pass all AT commands directly to internal cellular data engine.

DCD Action

Determines how the router controls the state of the serial port DCD line

- Always On DCD is always on
- Connect On DCD is on when a connection is established in response to an ATD command or DTR auto dial.

- Always Off DCD is always off
- PPP OnDCD is on when the router has established a PPP session with the cellular network

Flow Control

- Off Serial port flow control off
- Hardware Serial port uses RTS/CTS flow control

RI Action

Determines how the router controls the state of the serial port RI line

- Always On RI is always on
- Incoming Ring RI is on when an incoming connection request is received.
- Always Off RI is always off

Circuit AutoAnswer Rings

Sets the number of incoming rings after which the router will answer incoming circuit switched data calls

Auto Dial Number

Sets the number the router will dial if DTR Auto Dial is enabled and DTR changes state

9 Routing Features

9.1 How to configure PPTP Client

This page can be accessed by clicking on the PPTP link.

PPTP SETTINGS	
Enable PPTP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Set Default Route to PPTP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Set Default DNS to PPTP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
PPTP Server IP Address	<input type="text" value="203.34.24.45"/>
Username	<input type="text" value="user"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="* * * * *"/>

There are a couple of steps that you need to take before obtaining a PPTP interface:

1 Get connected on to the Cellular network:

To do this click on the 'Data Connection' link and in the PPP Profile Connect section click 'enable' for one of profiles 1-4. To check that the PPP interface is UP click on the Status link and in the PPP section it should indicate UP.

For more details on enabling a data connection refer to the **Data Connection section**.

2 Enable PPTP:

Click on the 'PPTP' link and enter the PPTP server IP address and user name and passwords in the appropriate boxes and click "Enable" **1** and "Save" **2**.

To check that the PPTP interface is up click on the Status link and in the PPTP section it should indicate that the status is UP.

NOTE – It may be necessary to add a static route using the 'Routing' link. The PPTP gateway is the PPTP server address and so in the static routes section under the 'Routing' link enter the PPTP server IP address in the Gateway IP address box.

Example:

If the PPTP server address is 203.44.251.100 and the IP address of the local PPTP interface is 10.1.3.42 (i.e a 10.0.0.0 address) then in the static routes section enter the following:

- 10.0.0.0 in the destination IP address box
- 255.0.0.0 in the IP subnet mask box
- 203.44.251.100 in the Gateway IP address box.
- 1 in the metric box.

Editing the PPTP credentials

If you need to edit the PPTP credentials you need to disable the existing PPTP connection and then enter the new credentials and re-enable the connection.

Disabling PPTP

If you want to completely disconnect both the PPP and PPTP interface from the network then it is best to first disable the PPTP interface simply by clicking 'disable' and hitting 'save' then disabling the PPP connection by clicking disable for the appropriate profile number in the 'Data Connection' page.

However, if you want to leave the PPTP enabled for future use then just disable the PPP connection only using the 'Data Connection' page, then next time a PPP connection is enabled the PPTP interface will also come up.

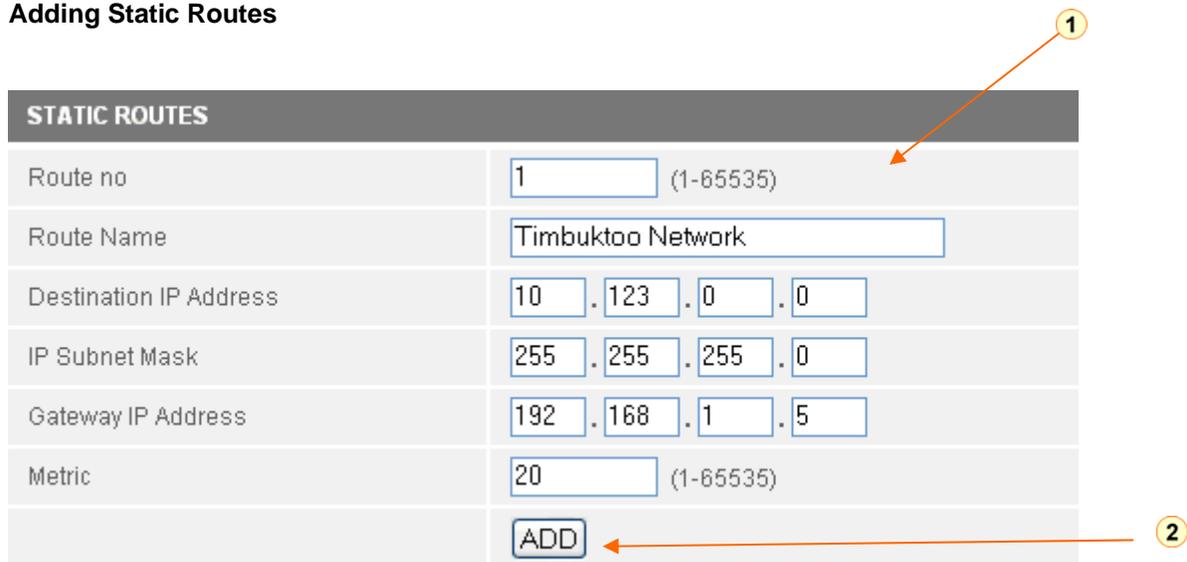
9.2 Configuring Static Routes

This facility is available on the Routing HTML page.

Some routes are added by default by the Cellular Router on initialisation such as the Ethernet subnet route for routing to a device on the Ethernet subnet. A PPP route is also added upon obtaining a Wireless PPP connection.

However, if you have other routers (hence networks) on the Ethernet subnet for example, you may want to add some more static routes.

Adding Static Routes



STATIC ROUTES	
Route no	<input type="text" value="1"/> (1-65535)
Route Name	<input type="text" value="Timbuktoo Network"/>
Destination IP Address	<input type="text" value="10"/> . <input type="text" value="123"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
IP Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
Gateway IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="5"/>
Metric	<input type="text" value="20"/> (1-65535)
	<input type="button" value="ADD"/>

Enter the values in the fields as above **1**

Click Add **2**

NOTE that you must increment the Route no by 1 for each route in the Route no field otherwise that route will be overwritten.

The Active Routing table at the bottom will show the new route added as shown below: **3**

STATIC ROUTES	
Route no	<input type="text"/> (1-65535)
Route Name	<input type="text"/>
Destination IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
IP Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Gateway IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Metric	<input type="text"/> (1-65535)
<input type="button" value="ADD"/>	

Item	Route Name	Dest IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	
1	Timbuktoo	10.123.0.0	255.255.0.0	192.168.1.5	20	Delete Entry

ACTIVE ROUTING TABLE								
Item	Destination	Gateway	Netmask	Flags	Metric	Ref	Use	Iface
1	10.64.64.64	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	ppp0
2	59.167.239.241	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	ppp0
3	192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth0
4	10.123.0.0	192.168.1.5	255.255.0.0	UG	20	0	0	eth0
5	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	U	0	0	0	ppp0



Example:

If you have a router on the Ethernet side of the Cellular Router with a gateway 192.168.1.5 that interfaces to network 10.123.0.0/16 and you want to get to a device on that network then you enter:

10.123.0.0 in the Destination IP address field

255.255.0.0 in the IP Subnet Mask Field

192.168.1.5 in the Gateway IP address Field

The lower the metric value the higher the priority this routes has over other routes.

Deleting Static Routes

STATIC ROUTES						
Route no	<input type="text"/> (1-65535)					
Route Name	<input type="text"/>					
Destination IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>					
IP Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>					
Gateway IP Address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>					
Metric	<input type="text"/> (1-65535)					
<input type="button" value="ADD"/>						
Item	Route Name	Dest IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	
1	Timbuktoo	10.123.0.0	255.255.0.0	192.168.1.5	20	Delete Entry

ACTIVE ROUTING TABLE								
Item	Destination	Gateway	Netmask	Flags	Metric	Ref	Use	Iface
1	10.64.64.64	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	ppp0
2	59.167.239.241	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	ppp0
3	192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth0
4	10.123.0.0	192.168.1.5	255.255.0.0	UG	20	0	0	eth0
5	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	U	0	0	0	ppp0

Select the delete entry text (in blue) for the route as shown above ①.

9.3 How to Configure RIP

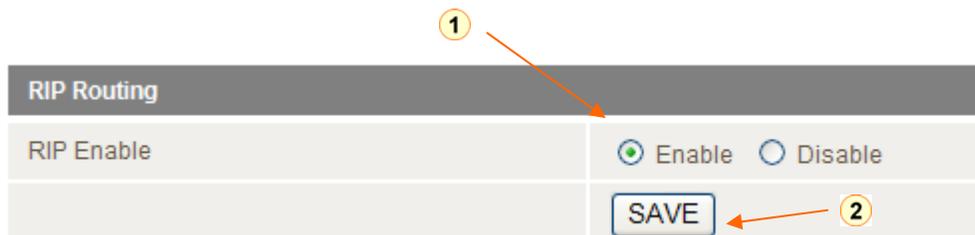
RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is used for advertising routes to other routers. Thus all the routes in the Cellular Router's routing table will be advertised to other nearby routers. For example, the route for the Cellular Router's Ethernet subnet could be advertised to a Router on the PPP interface side so that a Router on this network will know how to route to a device on the Cellular Router's Ethernet subnet. You will have to add the routes appropriately in the Static Routes section – see **Adding Static Routes**.

NOTE – it is possible that some routers will ignore RIP.

The RIP facility is available on the Routing HTML page.

Simply click enable in the RIP Routing section on the Routing Page **1**

Click Save **2**



The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring RIP. At the top, there is a header bar labeled "RIP Routing". Below this, there is a section titled "RIP Enable" which contains two radio buttons: "Enable" (which is selected) and "Disable". To the right of these radio buttons is a "SAVE" button. Two callout boxes with arrows point to the "Enable" radio button (labeled "1") and the "SAVE" button (labeled "2").

9.4 *How to configure VRRP*

Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a non-proprietary redundancy protocol described designed to increase the availability of the default gateway servicing hosts on the same subnet. This increased reliability is achieved by advertising a "virtual router" (an abstract representation of master and backup routers acting as a group) as a default gateway to the host(s) instead of one physical router. Two or more physical routers are then configured to stand for the virtual router, with only one doing the actual routing at any given time. If the current physical router that is routing the data on behalf of the virtual router fails, an arrangement is made for another physical router to automatically replace it. The physical router that is currently forwarding data on behalf of the virtual router is called the master router.

Master routers have a priority of 255 and backup router(s) can have priority between 1-254.

A virtual router must use 00-00-5E-00-01-XX as its (MAC) address. The last byte of the address (XX) is the Virtual Router Identifier (VRID), which is different for each virtual router in the network. This address is used by only one physical router at a time, and is the only way that other physical routers can identify the master router within a virtual router.

In the VRRP Configuration section on the Routing HTML page:

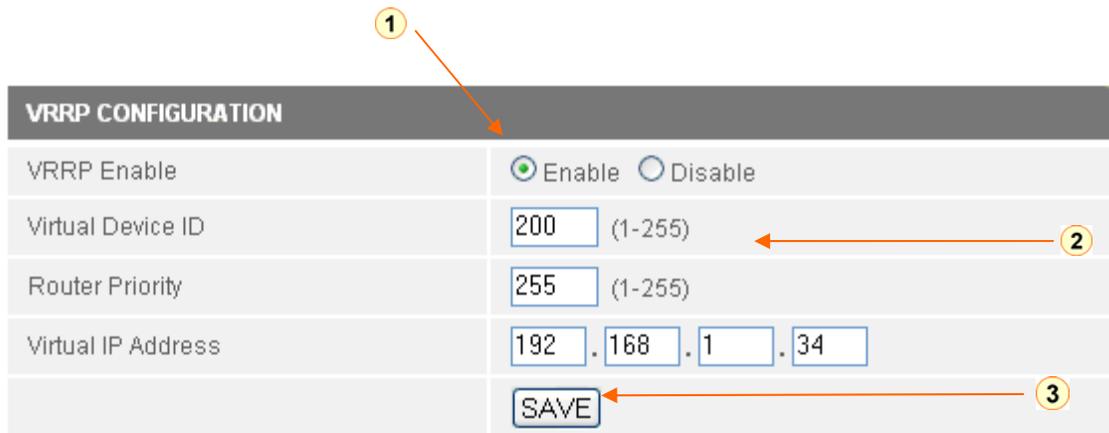
Click enable **1**

Enter the relevant details **2**

- enter an id – this is the VRRP id which is different for each virtual router on the network.
- enter a priority – a higher value is a higher priority.
- enter the VRRP IP address – this is the virtual IP address that both virtual routers share.

Hit Save **3**

NOTE – configuring VRRP changes the MAC address of the Ethernet port and therefore if you want to resume with the web configuration you must use the new IP address (VRRP IP) or on a command prompt type: `arp -d <ip address>` (i.e `arp -d 192.168.1.50`) to clear the arp cache.(old MAC address).



VRRP CONFIGURATION	
VRRP Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Virtual Device ID	<input type="text" value="200"/> (1-255)
Router Priority	<input type="text" value="255"/> (1-255)
Virtual IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="34"/>
	<input type="button" value="SAVE"/>

10 Router Application and Configuration management

Features to manage the cellular routers configuration and application firmware may be found on the Application Load/Saved page: ①

Status	Status	
LAN	LAN	
DHCP	IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information	
SNMP	System Up time	00 : 59 : 29
Data Connection	Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: Firmware: Temp: 38 C
System Monitor	Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP	
Band	PPP Status	UP
Security	PPP IP Address	10.223.2.39 / 255.255.255.255
DDNS	PPP P-t-P	10.64.64.64
Log	IPsec	N/A
① Application Load/Save		
Reboot		

10.1 To save a copy of the routers configuration

Click Save ①



This will download a copy of the current settings from the cellular router to your PC.

NB:

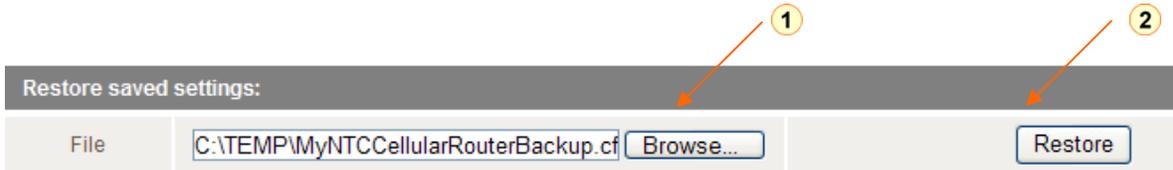
- It is NOT possible to edit the contents of the file downloaded, if you modify the contents of the configuration file in any way you will not be able to restore it later.
- You may change the name of the file if you wish but the filename extension must remain “.cfg”

10.2 To restore a copy of the routers configuration

Click Browse **1** .

Select the configuration file you wish to restore.

Click Restore **2** .

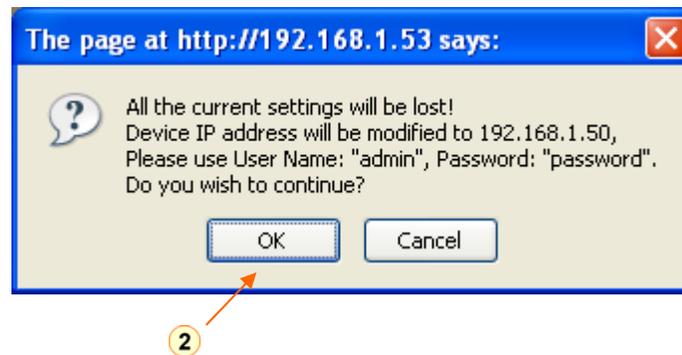


10.3 To restore the routers configuration to the factory defaults



Click Restore **1** .

You will see the following message:-



Click OK **2** .

The factory default configuration is restored.

10.4 To upgrade to a new router application version

Click on the browse button and browse to where the upgrade file is located on your PC/laptop ①

Click Upload ②

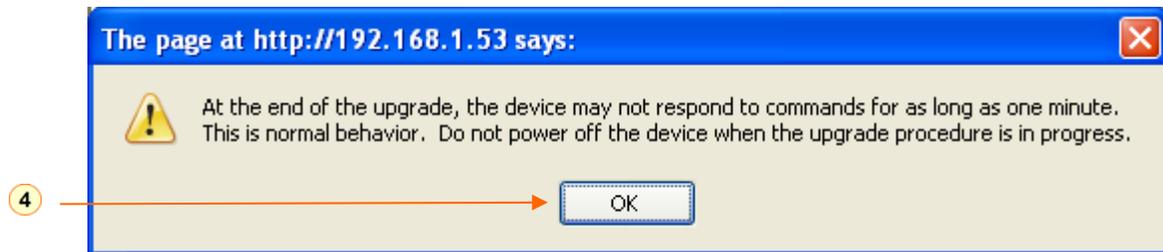


You will see the following message:-



Click OK ③ .

You will see the following message:-



Click OK ④ .

The upgrade process will begin. If the upgrade is successful you should see something similar to the following:

Phase:	Finished
Messages:	<p>MODE: cramfs Checksum OK R 1.53.0 => 1.52.3 Stopping processes Starting update MEM=7652, DISK=3780, SIZE=502 Updating kernel Checking kernel Updating file system Deleting old files Installing new files Upgrade was successful Cleaning up Installation has succeeded Finished. The system will shortly reboot itself. This will take about 90 seconds. Do NOT power off during this time. Reload by pressing the Status button until you see the status screen. It may be necessary to restart the Web browser after the upgrade.</p>
Errors:	
Percent Complete:	100%
Progress Bar	
Current Position:	1320 / 1320 KBytes
Elapsed time:	00:03:11
Est Time Left:	00:00:00
Est Speed:	7 KB/s.

11 Troubleshooting

11.1 Viewing the system log

Status	Status	
LAN	LAN	
DHCP	IP	192.168.1.50 / 255.255.255.0
NAT	MAC Address	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Routing	System Information	
SNMP	System Up time	01 : 08 : 47
Data Connection	Router Version	Hardware: 1.04_e Software: 1.55.0
PPTP	Phone Module	Model: MC8790 Hardware: Firmware: Temp: 38 C
System Monitor	Serial Number	00:11:DB:00:94:1B
Modem	PPP	
Band	PPP Status	UP
Security	PPP IP Address	10.223.2.39 / 255.255.255.255
DDNS	PPP P-t-P	10.64.64.64
Log	IPsec	N/A
Application Load/Save		
Reboot		

To view the routers log file click the “Logfile” link **1**

Log File Display Level Page 1 of 59

Date	Time	Machine	Level	Process	Message
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Active Session PPP Session
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Reason NETWORK SERVICE CHANGE
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Session state NDIS Packet
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Network : 3Telstra
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Coverage UMTS
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Link Status Context 0 Protocol Type 3 Profile ID 0
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Active Session PPP Session
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Reason LINK DOWN
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Session state NDIS Packet
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Network : 3Telstra
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Coverage HSDPA
Jan 1	00:31:57	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Link Status Context 2 Protocol Type 3 Profile ID 1
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Active Session PPP Session
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Reason LINK UP
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Session state NDIS Packet
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Network : 3Telstra
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Coverage HSDPA
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.info	mdm_emu	Link Status Context 2 Protocol Type 3 Profile ID 1
Jan 1	00:31:54	cdcs	daemon.notice	pppd[22706]	Connect: ppp0 <--> /dev/usb/phone_module/6

11.2 *Common problems and solutions.*

11.2.1 I cannot seem to access the web page interface

The default IP address of the unit is 192.168.1.50, so first try to open a web browser to this address. Also check that your laptop/PC is on the same subnet as the Cellular Router's Ethernet port.

11.2.2 The Cellular Router was connected but cannot get back on

You may need to enable the periodic ping timer using the System Monitor Link on the HTML pages.

This ensures that if the connection drops (i.e outage on the network) that the Cellular Router will reboot after so many failed pings and then force a re-connect. Set the timer to around 15 mins should be sufficient.

NB: The traffic generated by the periodic ping feature is counted as chargeable usage, please keep this in mind when selecting how often to ping.

11.2.3 Cellular Router is rebooting frequently

Check the Modem Link on the web page and see if the Periodic Reset timeout is set to something other than 0.

If it is set to 1 this means the unit will reboot every minute regardless of what happens.

Reset it to 0 if you don't want this feature or something quite large if you don't want the router to reboot so often.

11.2.4 Cellular Router has connection but cannot access the internet

Check that DNS Masquerade is enabled by clicking on the LAN link on the configuration interface.

Make sure that DHCP DNS server address 1 IP address is set to the same address as that of the Ethernet port.

11.2.5 I cannot seem to get a wireless WAN connection

- Click on the Data Connection link on the HTML page and check that the APN is correct.
- Also check that the username and password credentials are correct if the APN in use requires these.
- Make sure that Auto Connect is enabled on the PPP Profile Connect section on the Data Connection page.

11.2.6 I have set the Band but now it does not show the correct Frequency on the Home page and I cannot get a connection

If this happens you must reboot the Cellular Router. The Reset button on the home page will reboot the Cellular Router.

11.2.7 The SIM status indicates that the SIM is “not installed or reboot required” on the Home page

If a SIM is installed correctly this may indicate that the SIM has been removed or inserted whilst the unit is powered up. In this case you must reboot the unit. The Reset button on the home page will reboot the Cellular Router.

11.2.8 How can I reset the cellular router's IP address to default

The IP address can be reset to default by the following actions.

Read the following fully as you need to take action at certain points within a short period of time.

The reason for forcing these actions is to prevent an accidental overwriting of your non-default IP address.

Getting this sequence correct may take a few tries.

- Power the unit up with the Ethernet connector NOT PLUGGED IN.
- The front lights will flash, then all the light will come on.
- When all the lights have come on, not before, not after they have gone off, plug a live Ethernet jack into the Ethernet port (live as in another device is at the other end).
- If you have done this correctly, the green left hand light will flash, otherwise the lights will go out and the device will continue to boot.
- Leave the Ethernet jack in until all the lights come on again. Then pull it out, but not before all the lights have come on.
- The red TX/RX light will now flash, then shortly all lights will come on again. At this point, not before all the lights have come on, put the plug back in and leave it in. The unit will now assign Ethernet address 192.168.1.50 to the Ethernet port. The lights will do a short 'chaser' sequence, each coming on in turn, to confirm this has taken place.
- If you have done this and you can't connect to the router, the problem is likely to be in your computers' routing, default gateway, or mask.

11.2.9 I am having problems getting a PPTP connection.

Check the routes on the “Routing” page

There should be 5 routes shown.

- One route for interface eth0.
- Two routes for interface ppp0.
- Two routes for interface ppp1.

If there are not 5 routes it is most possible:-

- PPTP is not enabled.
- The credentials on the PPTP HTML page are wrong, either the IP address or username, password.

Check the logfile:

- If you see the message: “The synchronous PPTP option is NOT activated” or “CHAP Authentication Failure” then the credentials are incorrect.

12 RS-232 Serial Port Integration Parameters

You can use the guide below to design serial cables to integrate the Cellular Router into your system.

Standard RS-232 DE-9 Pinout:

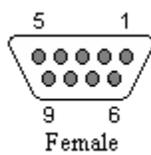
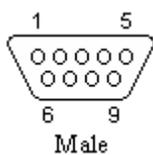
Pin	Name	Direction	Description
1	CD	—»	Carrier Detect
2	RX	—»	Receive Data
3	TX	«—	Transmit Data
4	DTR	«—	Data Terminal Ready
5	GND		System Ground
6	DSR	—»	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	«—	Request to Send
8	CTS	—»	Clear to Send
9	RI	—»	Ring Indicator

Note:

—» Output from router

«— Input to router

Below you will find pin-out diagrams of the V.24 DB-9 Male and Female connectors:



Default RS-232 Communication Parameters:

Bits Per Second: 115,200
Data Bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop Bits: 1
Flow Control: Hardware

13 RJ-45 Ethernet Port Integration Parameters

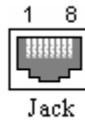
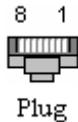
You can use the guide below to design Ethernet cables to integrate the Cellular Router into your systems.

Standard RJ-45 Ethernet Pinout:

Pin	Function	Color

1	TX +	White/Orange
2	TX -	Orange/White
3	RX +	White/Green
4		Blue/White
5		White/Blue
6	RX -	Green/White
7		White/Brown
8		Brown/White

Below you will find pin outs of the RJ-45 Ethernet Plug and Jack connectors:



NOTE:

The Ethernet port on the Cellular Router is a DTE non-auto switch so you will need a crossover cable if connected directly to your PC.

However, if there is a Hub/Switch connected between the Cellular Router and PC you will need to use a straight through cable.

14 Specifications

This section covers the specifications and cable pin outs.

Interface Connectors:	RS-232 DE-9F Connector (DCE) 10/100 Base-T Full Duplex USB 2.0 Full Speed (12Mbps) Host Controller
Power Connector:	2.1mm/5.5mm DC Barrel Jack (Center Positive)
LED Indicators:	SVC TYPE, Tx/Rx, DCD, RSSI
Antenna Interface:	50 ohm SMA Female for Cellular Network (Labeled RF)
Size:	140mm L x 80mm W x 44mm H (exclude mounting-brackets)
Weight:	250 grams
Power Input:	8-28 VDC @ 1.2W (Idle, 100ma @ 12VDC) 8-28 VDC @ 3.36W (HSDPA Call, 280 ma @ 12 VDC)
Temperature:	Operating: -30°C to +70°C (-22° to 140°F) 100% Duty Cycle Storage: -55°C to +85°C (-67° to 185°F)
Operating Humidity:	0 – 85% (non-condensing)
Flash Memory Size:	8MB
RAM:	16MB
Processor:	Atmel ARM AT91RM9200

15 Download and Upload Speeds

The speeds here are theoretical maxima; practically they may well be lower.

For UMTS HSUPA the upload speed is 1.9Mbps (upgradeable to 5.76Mbps, applicable to model NTC-790 and NTC-990) and 7.2Mbps downstream.

NOTE

If connected to a LAN via the Ethernet port, the connection status window may display high speeds such as 100Mbps, but this cannot be achieved over-the-air.

16 Custom Application and Scripting

NTC series cellular router covered in this manual offers the ability for user to install custom application / firmware interfaces via the application programming interface.

For further information, please contact NetComm 3G Mobile Broadband Solution support team.

17 Additional Software Packs

NTC series cellular router covered in this manual supports the following additional software packs. Additional software packs provides the cellular router with add-on functionality and features. The current available additional software packs are:

- Net & Mac address Filter
- arp command support CLI
- IPsec
- SSH Daemon
- SSH Client
- SSH FTP
- NetCat CLI
- Open VPN
- SMS Tools CLI
- TCPDUMP sniffer
- USB Storage

These additional software packs are subjected to change and update without notice.

For further information, please contact NetComm 3G Mobile Broadband Solution support team.

18 Legal & Regulatory Information

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NetComm Limited reserves the right to change the specifications and operating details of this product without notice.

NetComm is a registered trademark of NetComm Limited.

All other trademarks are acknowledged the property of their respective owners.

19 Customer information

ACA (Australian Communications Authority) requires you to be aware of the following information and warnings:

- (1) This unit shall be connected to the Telecommunication Network through a line cord which meets the requirements of the ACA TS008 Standard.
- (2) This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the Standards for C-Tick and or A-Tick as set by the ACA . These standards are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio noise and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions detailed within this manual, may cause interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur with the installation of this product in your home or office. If this equipment does cause some degree of interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, we encourage the user to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
 - Change the direction or relocate the receiving antenna.
 - Increase the separation between this equipment and the receiver.
 - Connect the equipment to an alternate power outlet on a different power circuit from that to which the receiver/TV is connected.
 - Consult an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- (3) The power supply that is provided with this unit is only intended for use with this product. Do not use this power supply with any other product or do not use any other power supply that is not approved for use with this product by NetComm. Failure to do so may cause damage to this product, fire or result in personal injury.

20 GNU General Public License

This product includes software code that is subject to the GNU General Public License (“GPL”) or GNU Lesser General Public License (“LGPL”). This code is subject to the copyrights of one or more authors and is distributed without any warranty. A copy of this software can be obtained by contacting NetComm Limited on +61 2 9424 2059.

21 Product Warranty

The warranty is granted on the following conditions:

1. This warranty extends to the original purchaser (you) and is not transferable;
2. This warranty shall not apply to software programs, batteries, power supplies, cables or other accessories supplied in or with the product;
3. The customer complies with all of the terms of any relevant agreement with NetComm and any other reasonable requirements of NetComm including producing such evidence of purchase as NetComm may require;
4. The cost of transporting product to and from NetComm's nominated premises is your responsibility; and,
5. NetComm does not have any liability or responsibility under this warranty where any cost, loss, injury or damage of any kind, whether direct, indirect, consequential, incidental or otherwise arises out of events beyond NetComm's reasonable control. This includes but is not limited to: acts of God, war, riot, embargoes, acts of civil or military authorities, fire, floods, electricity outages, lightning, power surges, or shortages of materials or labour.
6. The customer is responsible for the security of their computer and network at all times. Security features may be disabled within the factory default settings. NetComm recommends that you enable these features to enhance your security.

The warranty is automatically voided if:

1. You, or someone else, use the product, or attempts to use it, other than as specified by NetComm;
2. The fault or defect in your product is the result of a voltage surge subjected to the product either by the way of power supply or communication line, whether caused by thunderstorm activity or any other cause(s);
3. The fault is the result of accidental damage or damage in transit, including but not limited to liquid spillage;
4. Your product has been used for any purposes other than that for which it is sold, or in any way other than in strict accordance with the user manual supplied;
5. Your product has been repaired or modified or attempted to be repaired or modified, other than by a qualified person at a service centre authorised by NetComm; and,
6. The serial number has been defaced or altered in any way or if the serial number plate has been removed.

22 Limitation of Warranty

The Trade Practices Act 1974 and corresponding State and Territory Fair Trading Acts or legalisation of another Government ("the relevant acts") in certain circumstances imply mandatory conditions and warranties which cannot be excluded. This warranty is in addition to and not in replacement for such conditions and warranties.

To the extent permitted by the Relevant Acts, in relation to your product and any other materials provided with the product ("the Goods") the liability of NetComm under the Relevant Acts is limited at the option of NetComm to:

- Replacement of the Goods; or
- Repair of the Goods; or
- Payment of the cost of replacing the Goods; or
- Payment of the cost of having the Goods repaired.

All NetComm ACN 002 490 486 products have a standard 12 months warranty from date of purchase. However some products have an extended warranty option (refer to packaging). To be eligible for the extended warranty you must supply the requested warranty information to NetComm within 30 days of the original purchase by registering on-line via the NetComm web site at

www.netcomm.com.au

Product Warranty

NetComm products have a standard 12 months warranty from date of purchase. However some products have an extended warranty option, via registering your product online at the NetComm website www.netcomm.com.au.

Technical Support

If you have any technical difficulties with your product, please refer to the support section of our website.

www.netcomm.com.au/support

Note: NetComm Technical Support for this product only covers the basic installation and features outlined in the Quick Start Guide. For further information regarding the advanced features of this product, please refer to the configuring sections in the User Guide or contact a Network Specialist.