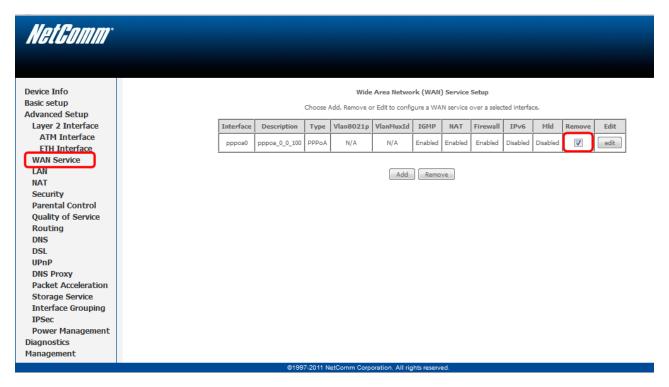


## Bridge Mode Setup (NB304)

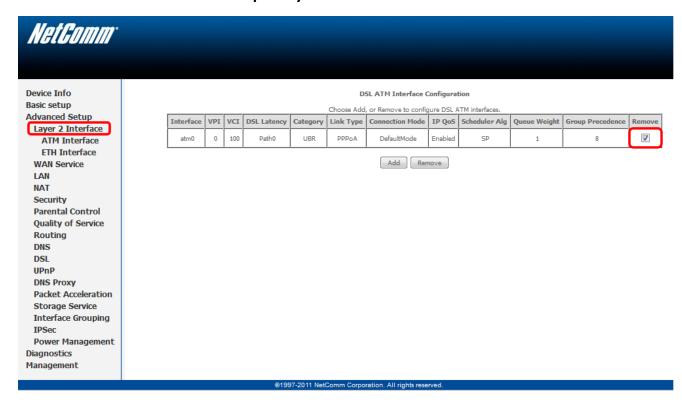
## **Bridge Mode**

This guide will take you through the steps required to set your modem to bridged mode.

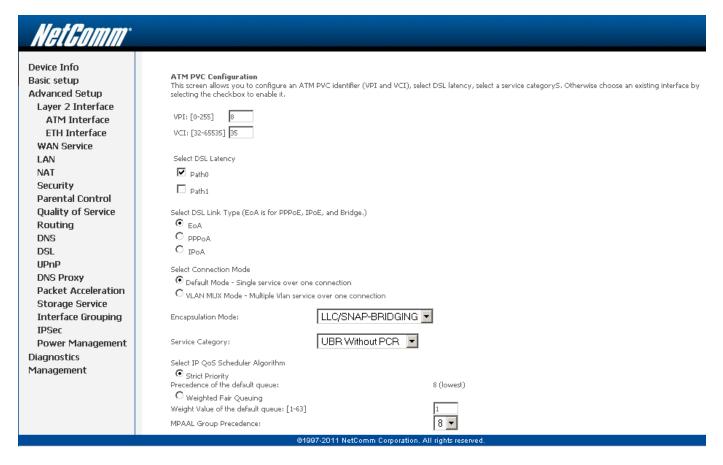
- 1. Navigate to <a href="http://192.168.1.1">http://192.168.1.1</a> in a web browser using admin as both the username and password when prompted.
- 2. Select Advanced Setup > WAN Service.



- 3. Tick the **Remove checkbox** and press the **Remove** button.
- 4. Select Advanced Setup > Layer 2 Interface > ATM Interface.

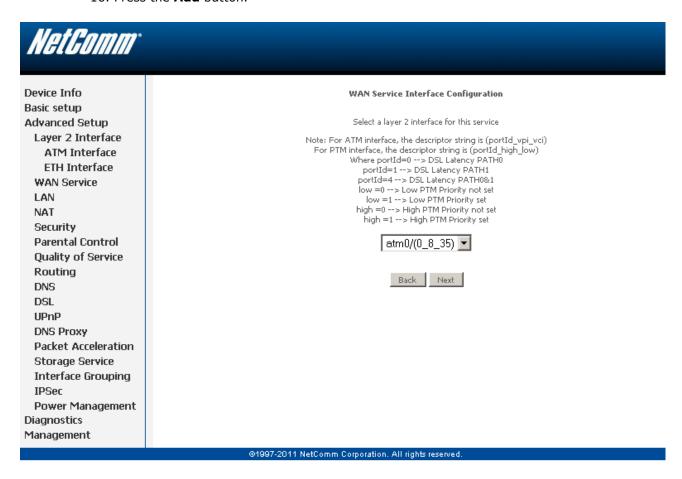


- 5. Tick the **Remove checkbox** and press the **Remove** button.
- 6. Press the **Add** button.

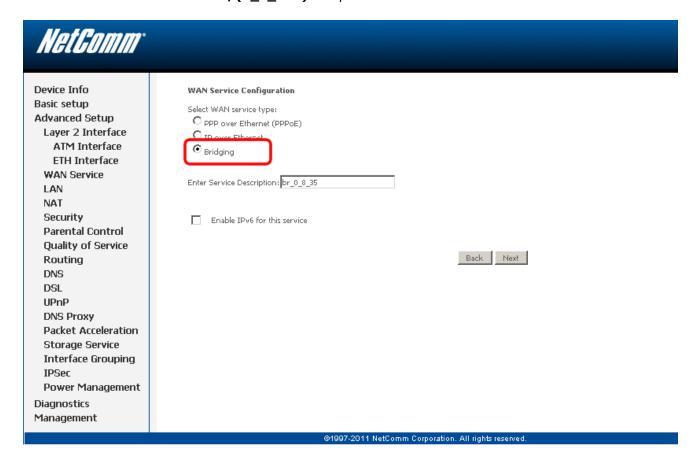


- 7. Select the **VPI**. For most Australian customers the VPI should be **8** and for New Zealand customers use a VPI of **0**.
- 8. Select the **VCI**. For most Australian customers the VCI should be **35** and for New Zealand customers use a VCI of **100**.
- 9. Select Path0 as the DSL Latency option.
- 10. Use **EoA** as the **DSL Link Type**.
- 11. Set the Connection Mode as Default Mode.
- 12. Set the Encapsulation Mode as LLC/Snap-Bridging.
- 13. Select UBR Without PCR as the Service Category.
- 14. Leave any other settings as default and press the **Apply/Save** button.

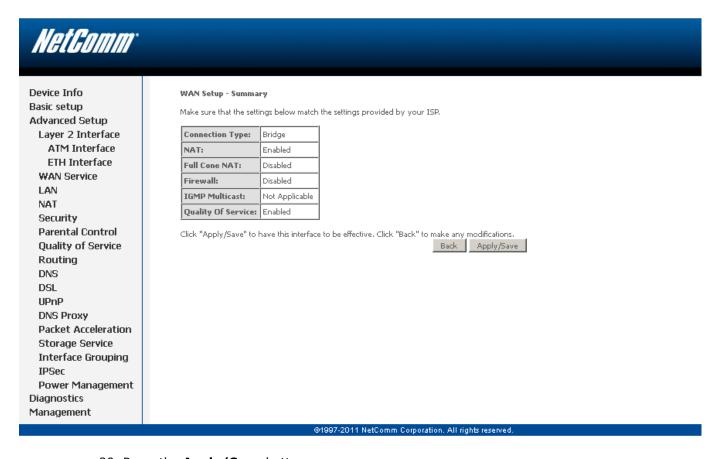
- 15. Select Advanced Setup > WAN Service.
- 16. Press the Add button.



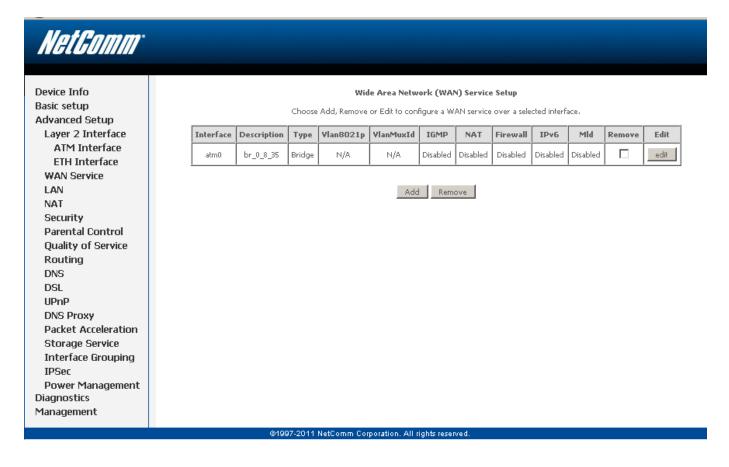
17. Australian users select **atm0/(0\_8\_35)** and press the Next button. New Zealand users select **atm0/(0\_0\_100)** and press the Next button.



- 18. Select **Bridging** as the WAN Service type. There is also the option available to change the Service description or enable IPV6 for this service.
- 19. Press the **Next** button.



20. Press the **Apply/Save** button.



21. Select Management > Reboot.



- 22. Press the **Reboot** button.
- 23. Your modem will now reboot. When it has finished restarting, it will then be in bridge mode.